

NHDES Dam Bureau

2023 BIA New Hampshire Environmental Regulatory Conference

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Chief Engineer



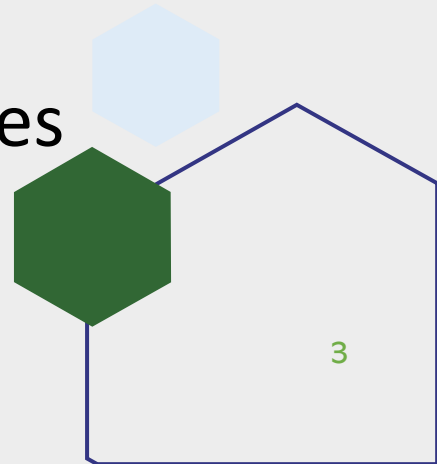
Agenda

- ❑ What is a dam in NH?
- ❑ Dam Bureau Overview
- ❑ Dam Bureau Challenges
- ❑ Dam Bureau Solutions



What is a dam in NH?

- RSA 482:2(II)(a) " Dam " means any artificial barrier, including appurtenant works, which impounds or diverts water and which has a height of 6 feet or more, or is located at the outlet of a great pond.
- High Hazard Dam –failure of the dam would result in probable loss of human life
- Significant Hazard Dam – failure would likely not result in loss of human life but would cause major economic damage (i.e. loss of State road)
- Low Hazard Dam – failure would likely not result in loss of human life but would cause minor economic damage (i.e. loss of town road)
- Non-Menace Dam – failure would not cause life loss or damages



Dam Bureau Overview



**Dam Safety
and Inspection
Section**



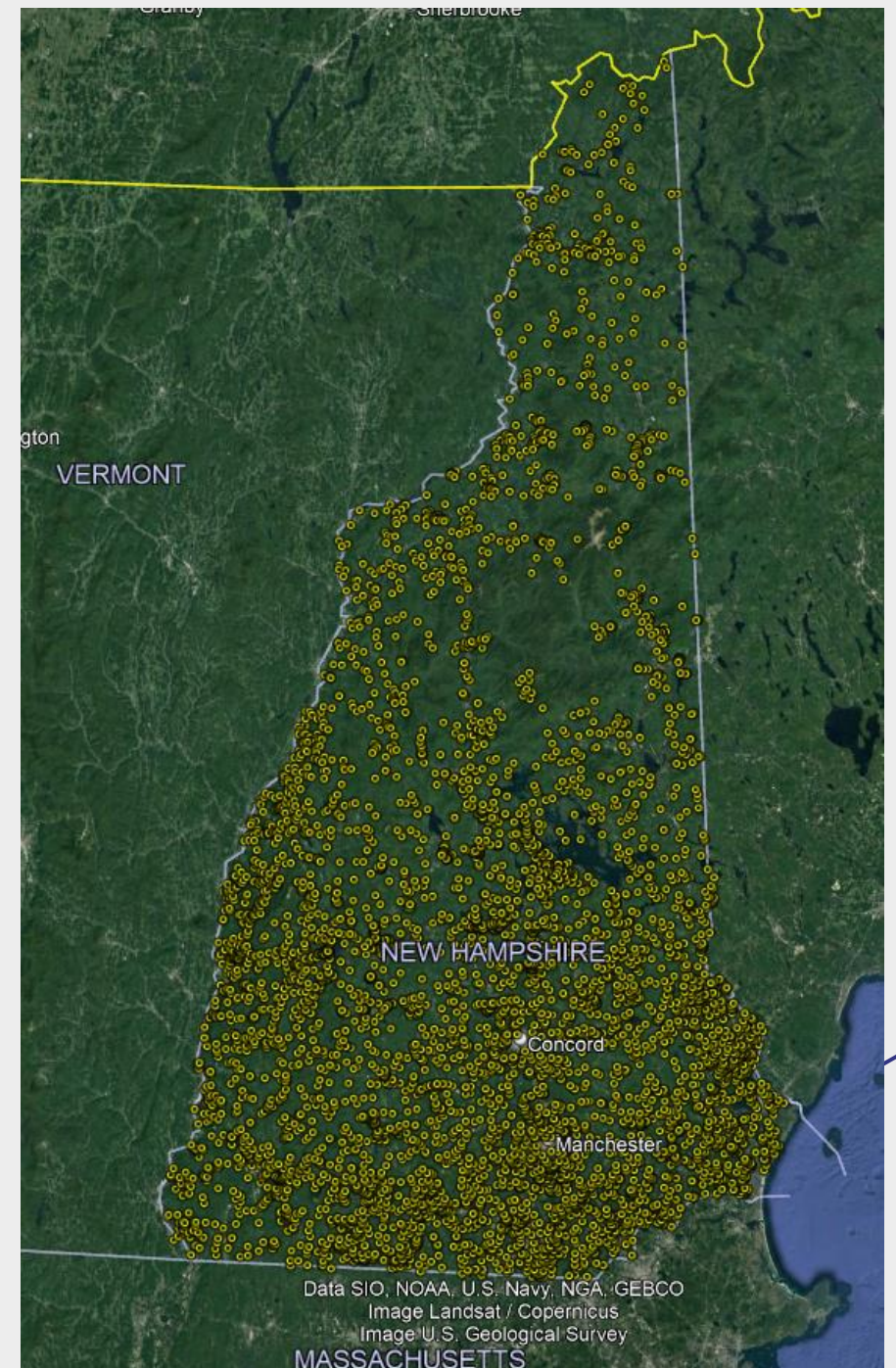
**Operations and
Maintenance
Section**



**Engineering and
Construction
Section**

Dam Safety and Inspection Section

- Responsible for inspection of **over 2,600** privately and publicly owned dams. This includes routine inspections and construction inspections.
- Responsible for permitting of repairs on existing dams and permitting for new dam construction.



Dam Safety and Inspection Section

- Works with dam owners to ensure dams are operated and maintained in proper working order and works with AG's office on enforcement actions
- Coordinates with Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) on hydropower inspections and projects



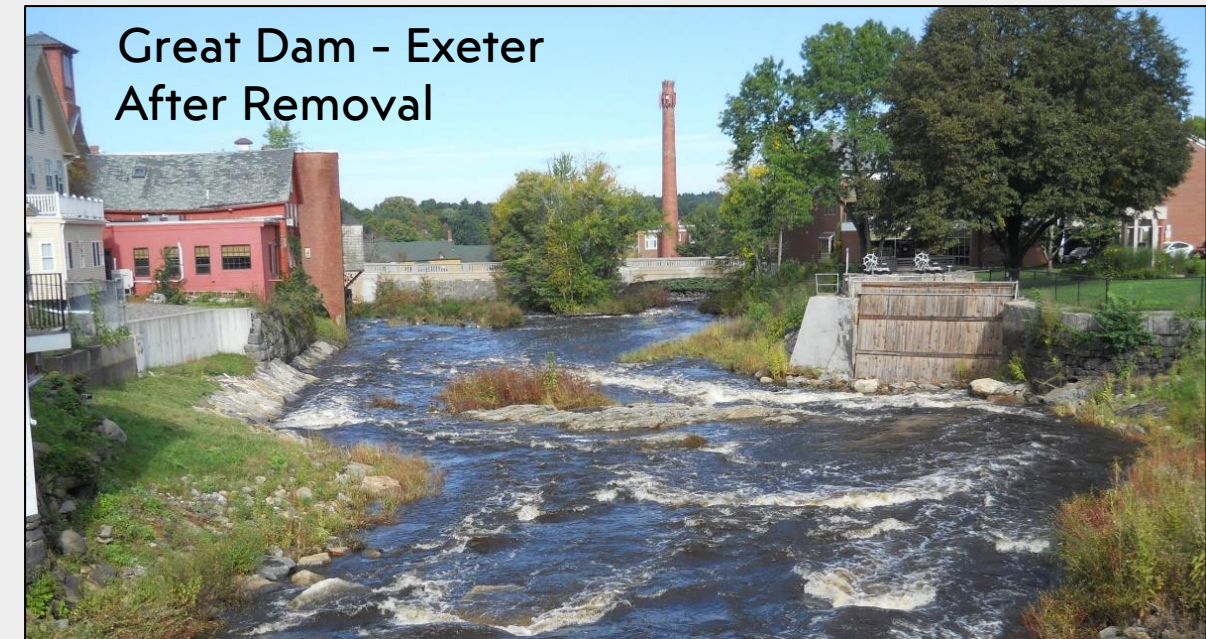
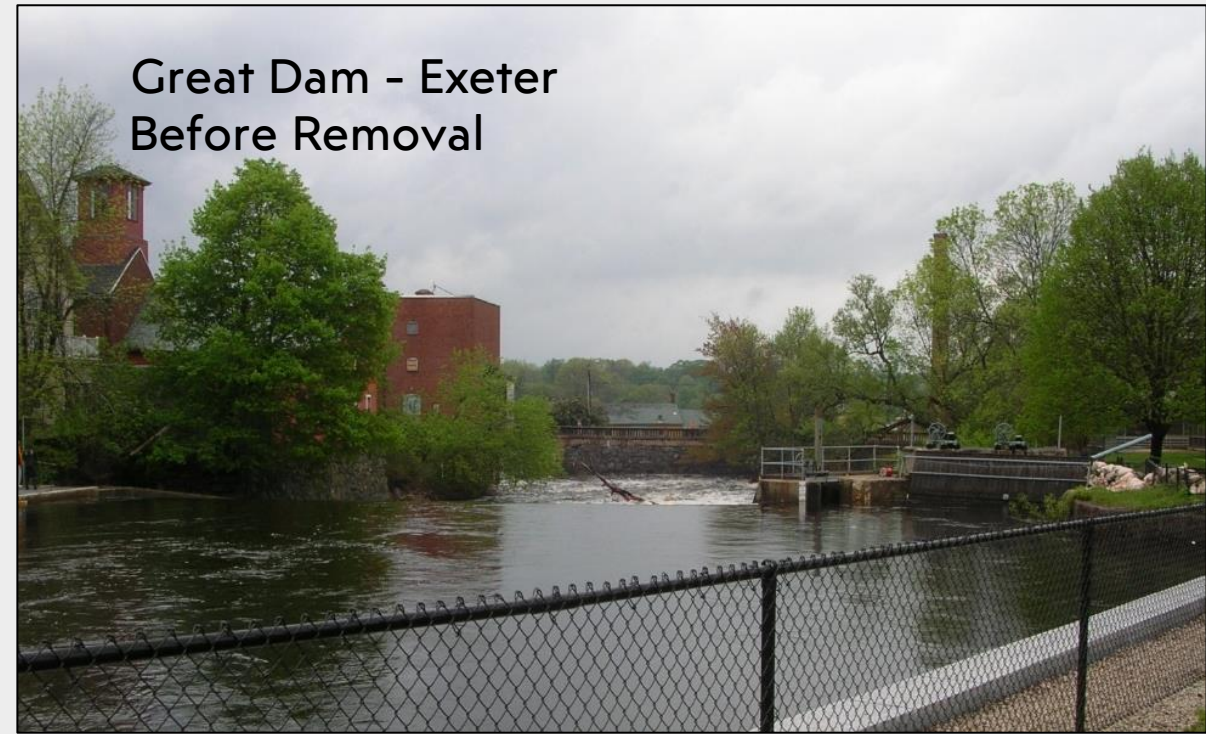
Dam Safety and Inspection Section

- Works directly with NH Homeland Security and Emergency Management on dam related emergency response
- Responds to public inquiries into flood related issues and dam failure incidents



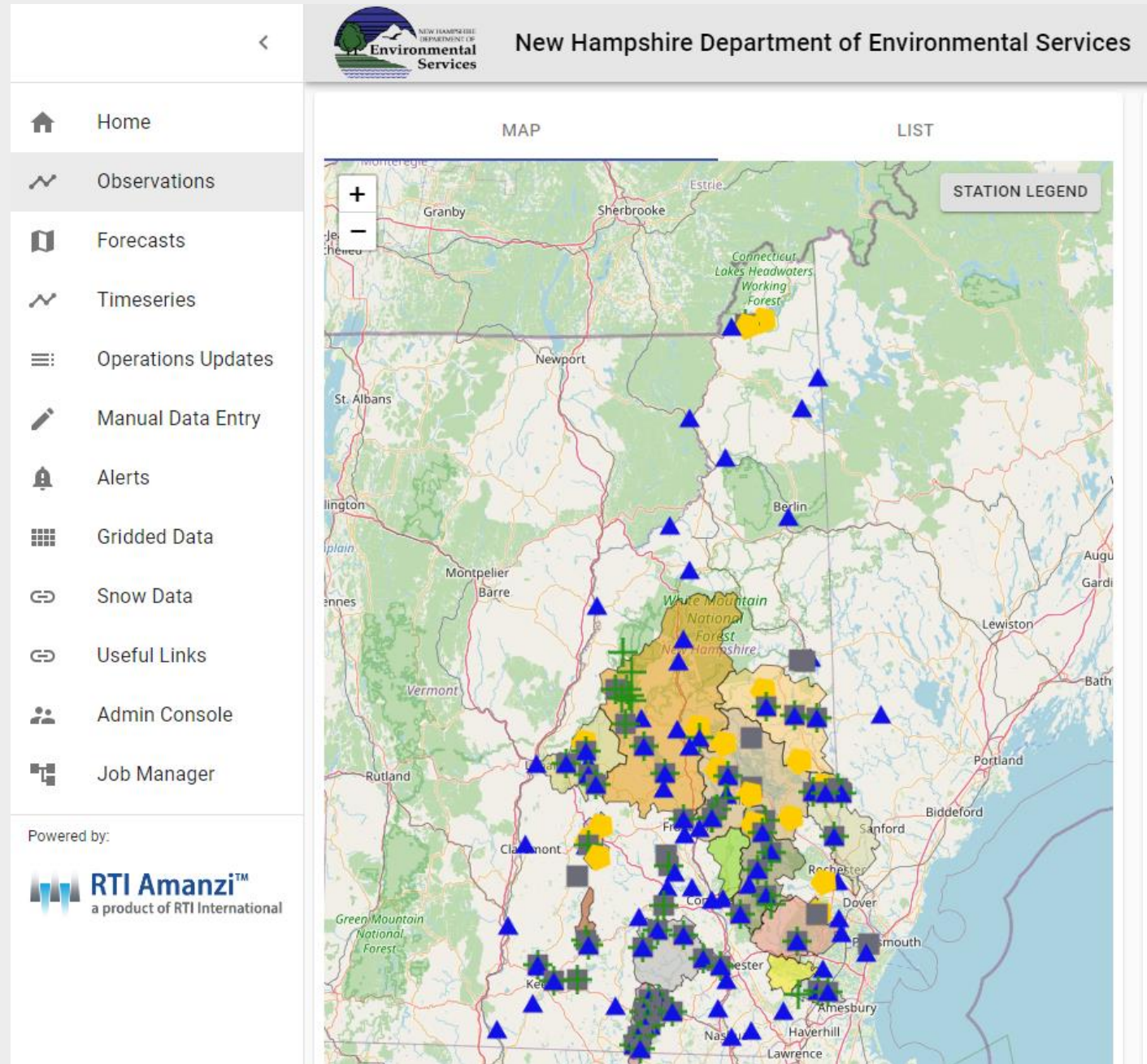
Dam Safety and Inspection Section

- Works with public and private dam owners on river restoration and dam removal projects
- Currently managing \$5,850,000 of American Rescue Plan (ARPA) funds towards the rehabilitation of 9 high hazard municipally owned dams



Operations and Maintenance Section

- Responsible for the operations and maintenance of **213 dams**.
- Responsible for maintaining dams and lake levels at the State's largest lakes (i.e., Lake Winnepesaukee, Lake Winnisquam, Squam Lake, Newfound Lake, Lake Sunapee, and Lake Ossipee)



Operations and Maintenance Section

- Performs operations such as opening gates, pulling stoplogs and repairing flashboards.
- Along with routine maintenance such as mowing and brush cutting.

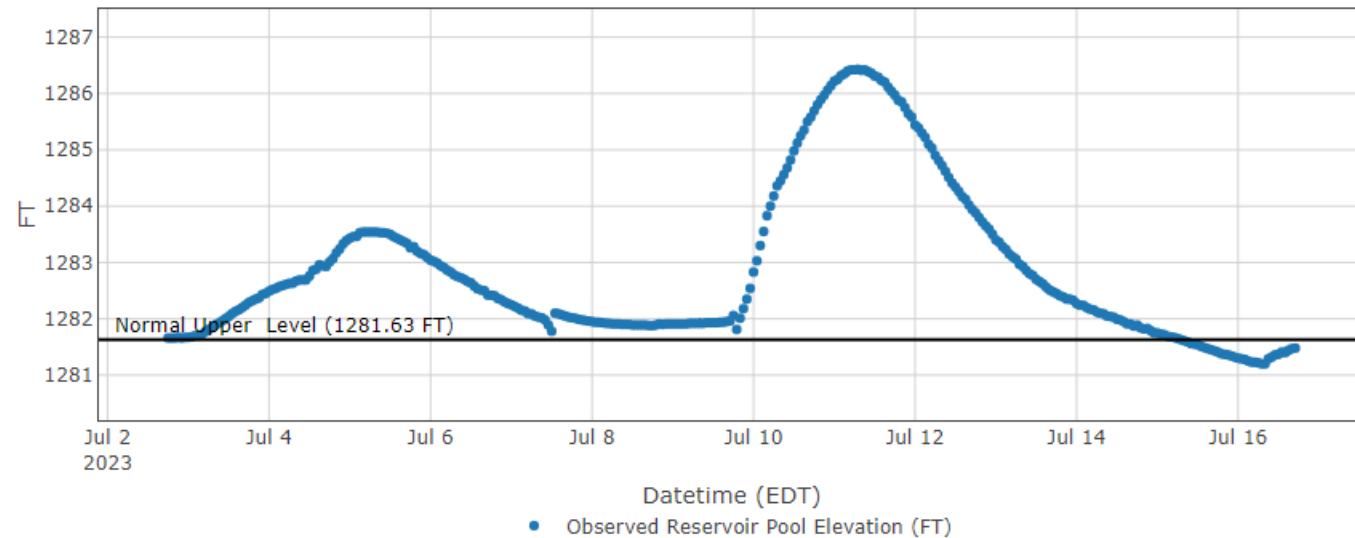


Operations and Maintenance Section

- Coordinates with private dam owners, communities and members of the public to reduce flooding impacts during high water events
- Manages 9 leases and 26 water user agreements with hydropower developers for the use of State-owned facilities for hydropower and water usage



Island Pond (ILPNH)



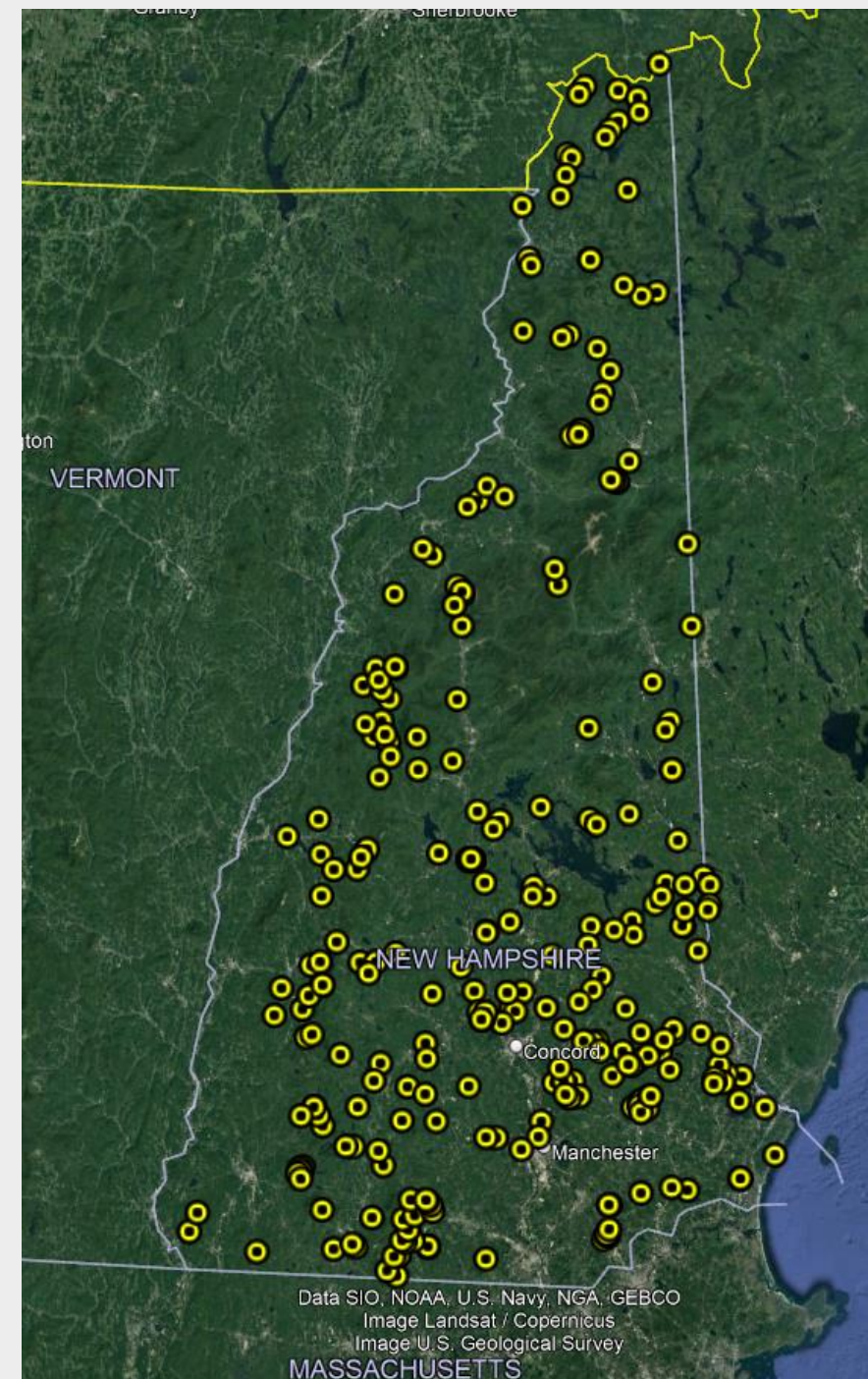
Operations and Maintenance Section

- Partners with USGS on a network of 27 river gauging stations throughout NH
- Provides real time lake level, temperature, precipitation and discharge data at 23 lakes in NH through the <https://nhdes.rtiamanzi.org/> web platform.



Engineering and Construction Section

- Responsible for major repairs and reconstruction of **275 dams**. This includes preparing and managing contacts, budget estimates and long-term schedules.
- Maintains ownership records and easements necessary for dam operations and repairs through the Land Management group.



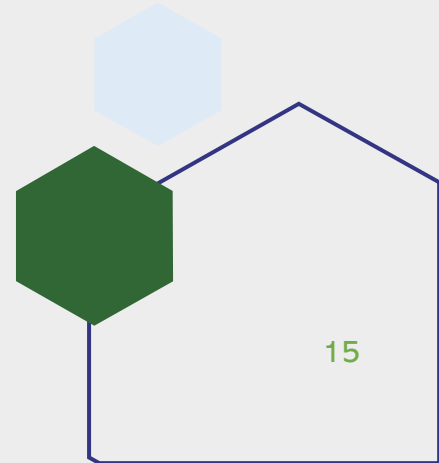
Engineering and Construction Section

- Oversees an in-house construction crew and design team for the repair and reconstruction of State-owned dams.
- Currently working on projects at Copps Pond Dam in Tuftonboro and Kilton Pond Dam in Grafton.



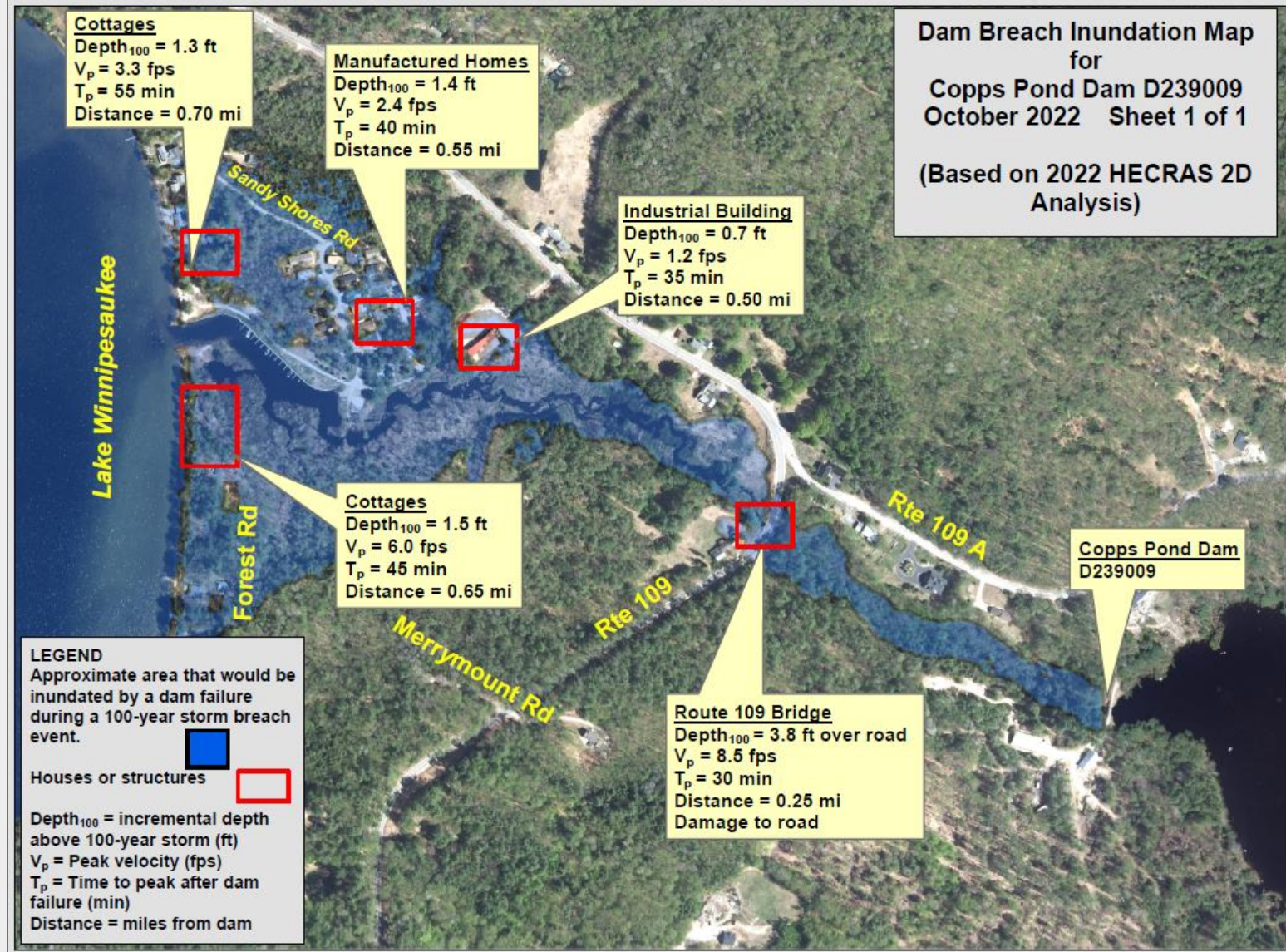
Engineering and Construction Section

- Coordinates contracts with outside engineering firms and consultants on dam rehabilitation projects
- Currently managing \$29,150,000 of ARPA funds towards the rehabilitation of State-owned dams



Engineering and Construction Section

- Prepares notification flow charts, emergency response procedures and inundation maps for Emergency Action Plans (EAP)s at 61 High and 32 Significant hazard dams.
- Reviews and updates plans in accordance with regulatory requirements



Dam Bureau Challenges



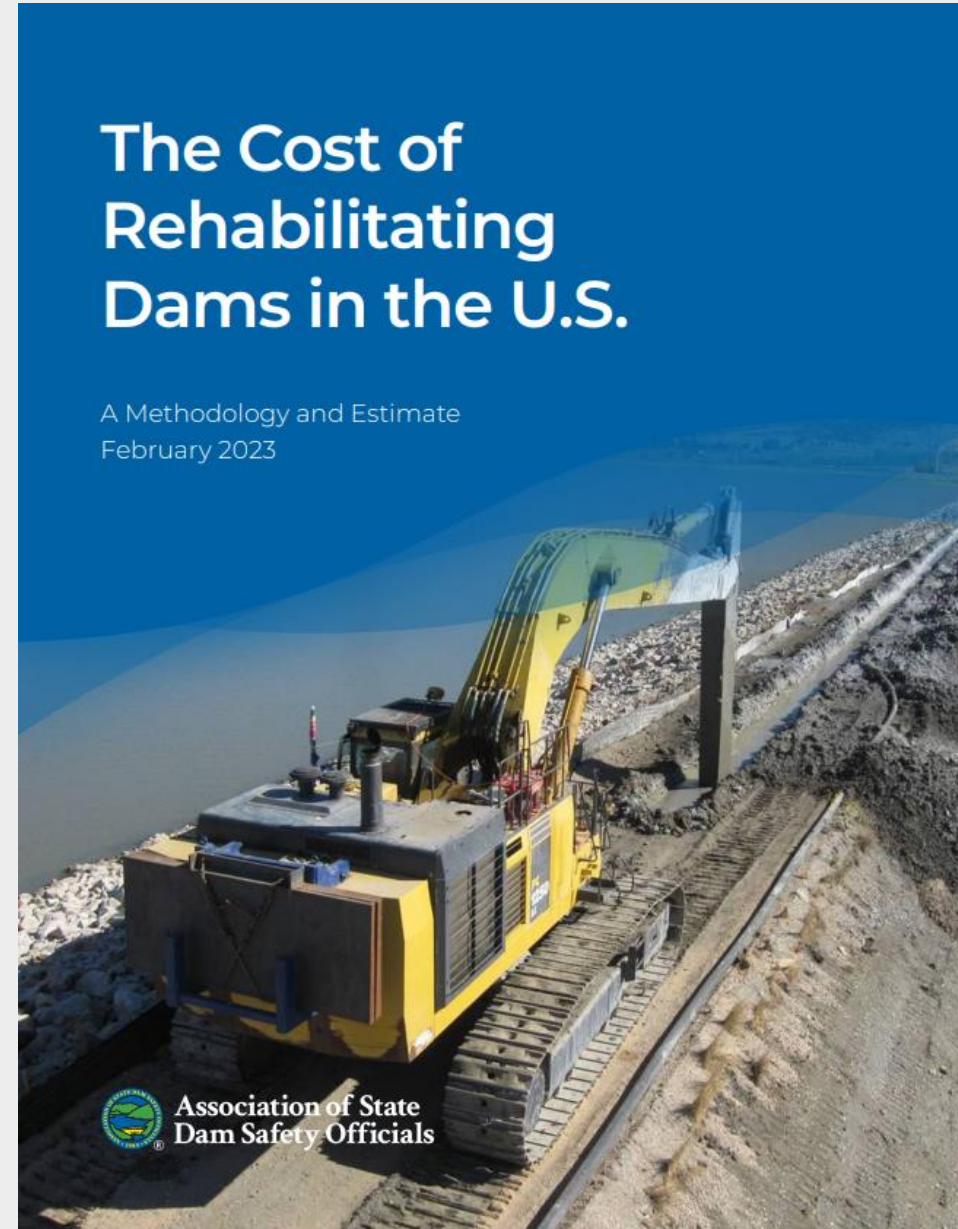
Age of State-owned dams

- The average age of the State-owned dams is over 100 years
- Numerous hydropower and State-owned dams have not seen major retrofits or rehabilitation in 40 to 50 years.



Rehabilitation cost of State-owned dams

- **61 High Hazard Dams**
- \$300 million
- **32 Significant Hazard Dams**
- \$54 million
- **90 Low Hazard Dams**
- \$54 million
- **92 Non-Menace Hazard and Exempt Dams**
- \$6 million
- **Total Approximate Cost = \$414 million**



Rising Costs versus Revenue

- Many hydropower facilities in NH are going through FERC relicensing and at State-owned facilities the releasing process.
- Recent cost escalations to perform capital improvements and comply with FERC requirements
- Most hydro operators receive about 3 cents per kW/h while the average NH consumer pays about 24 cents per kW/h



Change of Use

- Regardless of their original purpose, State-owned dams maintain impoundments providing recreational, flood control, water supply, and ecological benefits to residents, tourists, and waterfront property tax bases for municipalities.



Improved Modeling of Dams

- Advancements in engineering tools are revealing previously unknown deficiencies at dam facilities, such as inadequate discharge capacity and structural instability

Table 6 – Summary of Sliding Factors of Safety

Section	Computed Factor of Safety Against Sliding			
	Case 1 Normal Pool	Case 2 Flood of Record	Case 3 100-Year Flood	Case 4 500-Year Flood
Allowable Sliding Factor of Safety	3.0	1.0 ⁽¹⁾	2.0	1.5
Shear Strength ($\phi = 48^\circ$, $c=0$ for spillway section; $\phi = 45^\circ$, $c=0$ for training wall)				
Maximum Spillway Section	2.8	1.0	1.1	N/A (failed)
Training Wall	n/a ⁽²⁾	1.3	1.9	N/A (failed)

Stability Analysis Report

Hadley Falls Dam Hillsborough County, New Hampshire



National Inventory of Dams ID: NH00020
New Hampshire Dam Number: D093002
Hazard Classification: High

January 2020



Gannett Fleming

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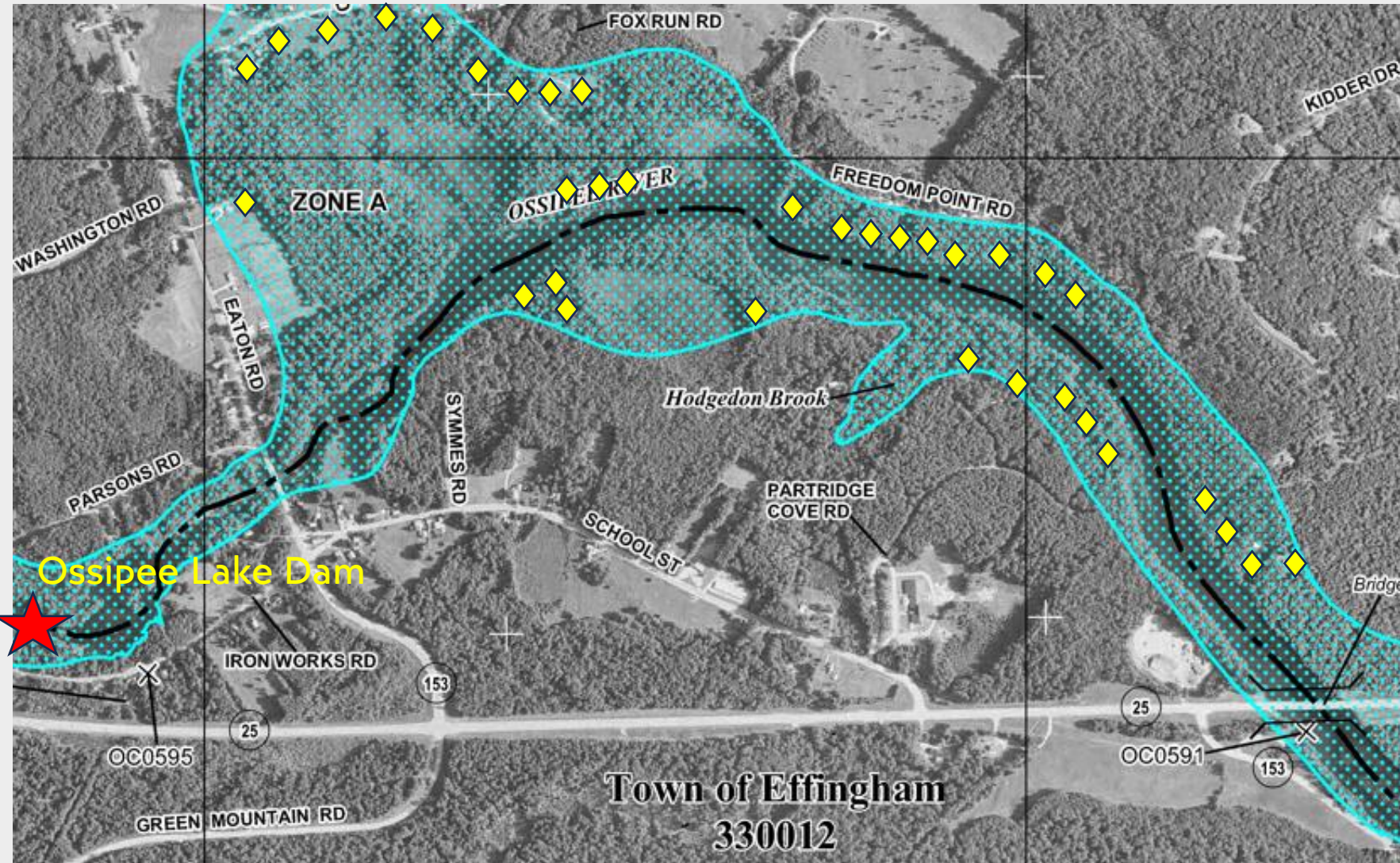
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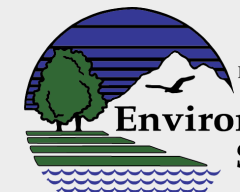
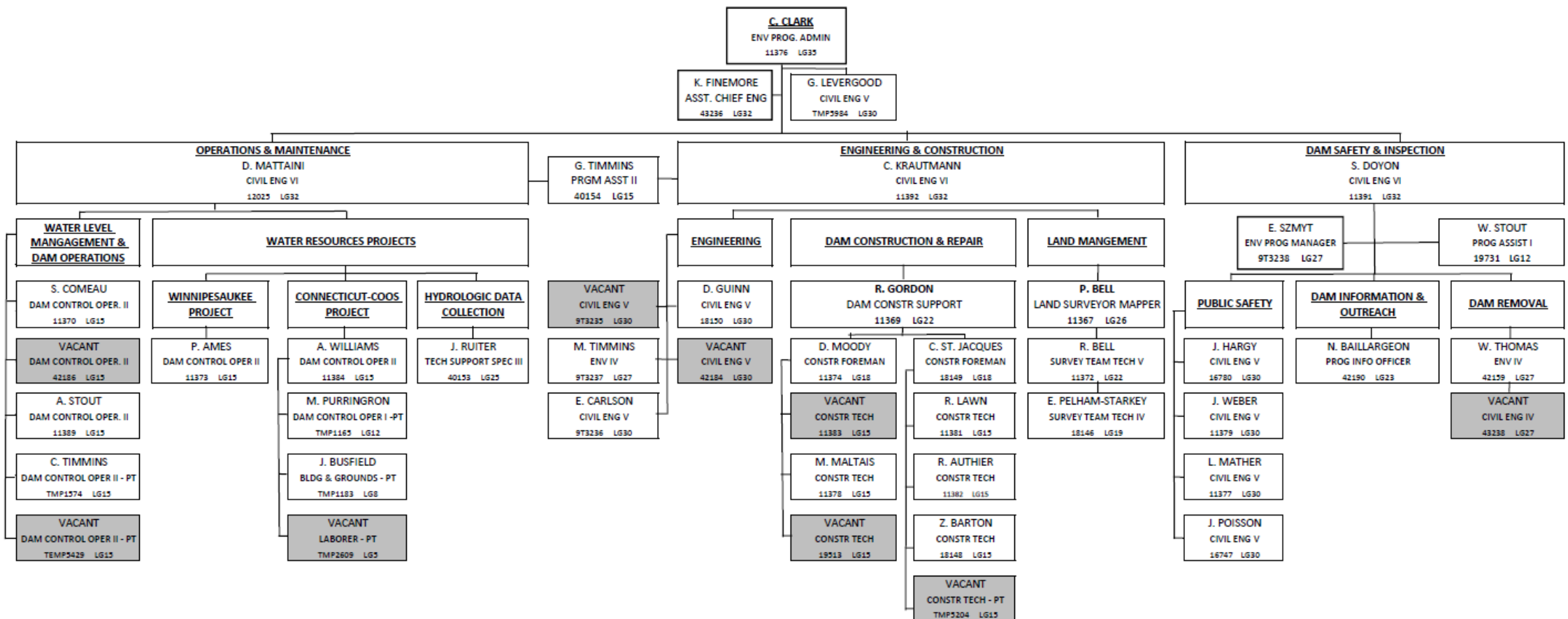
Hazard Creep

- 32 of the 61 State-owned high-hazard dams have been reclassified as such since 2004
- Development has increased the number of homes located in floodplains
- Creating hazard creep where dams built as low hazard are now high hazard

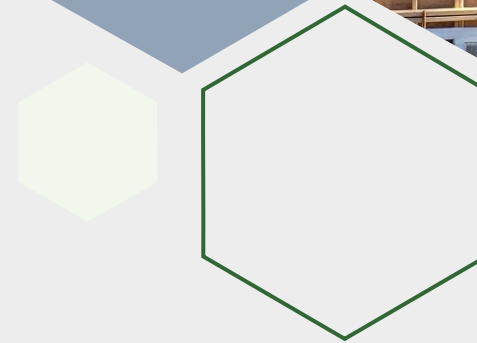


Staffing Challenges

- The NHDES Dam Bureau has 45 employees with 9 vacancies (20%), which creates difficulties in addressing expected operations at 213 dams, the repair needs at 275 dams and public safety at over 2,600 dams.

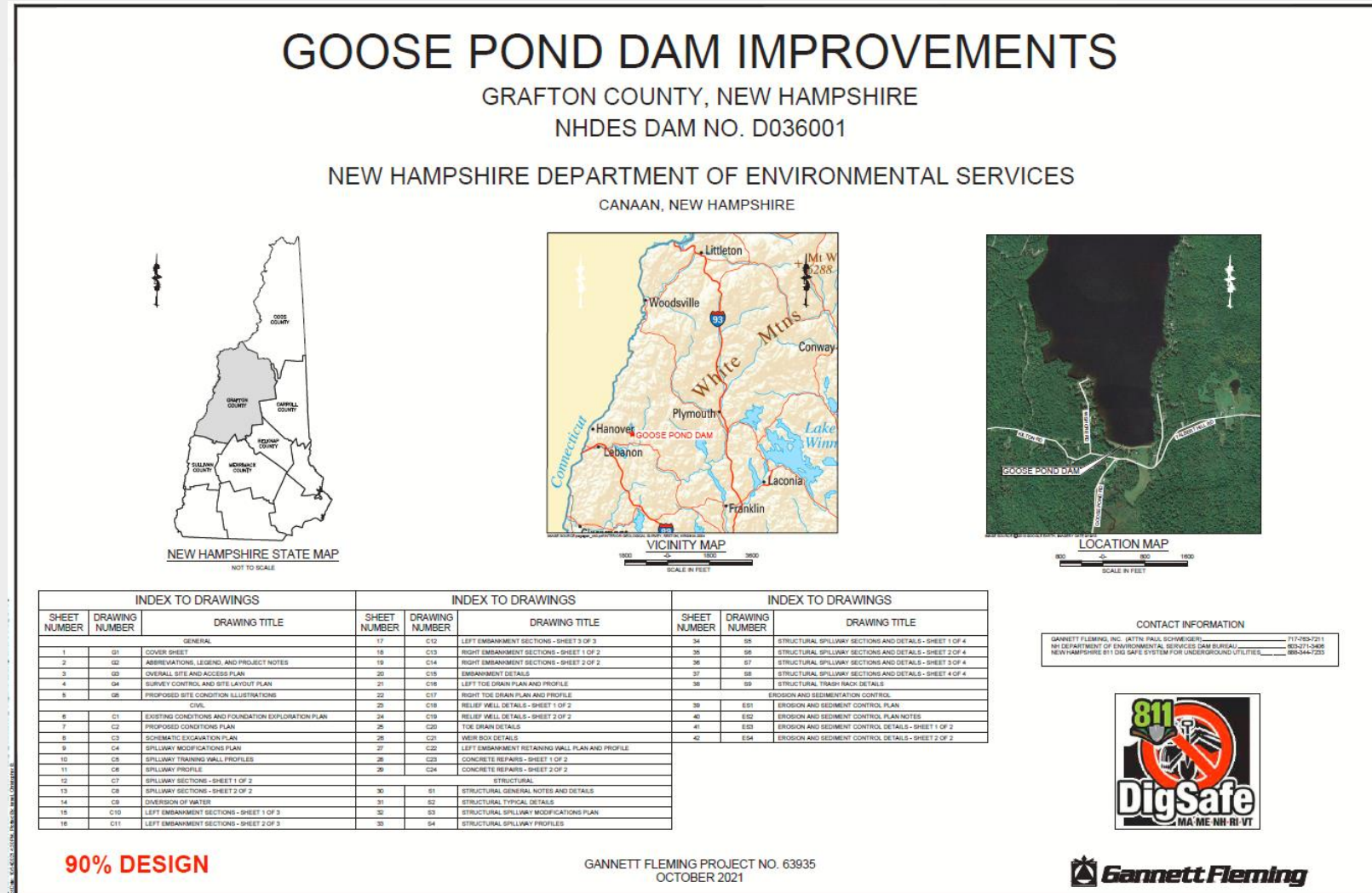


Dam Bureau Solutions



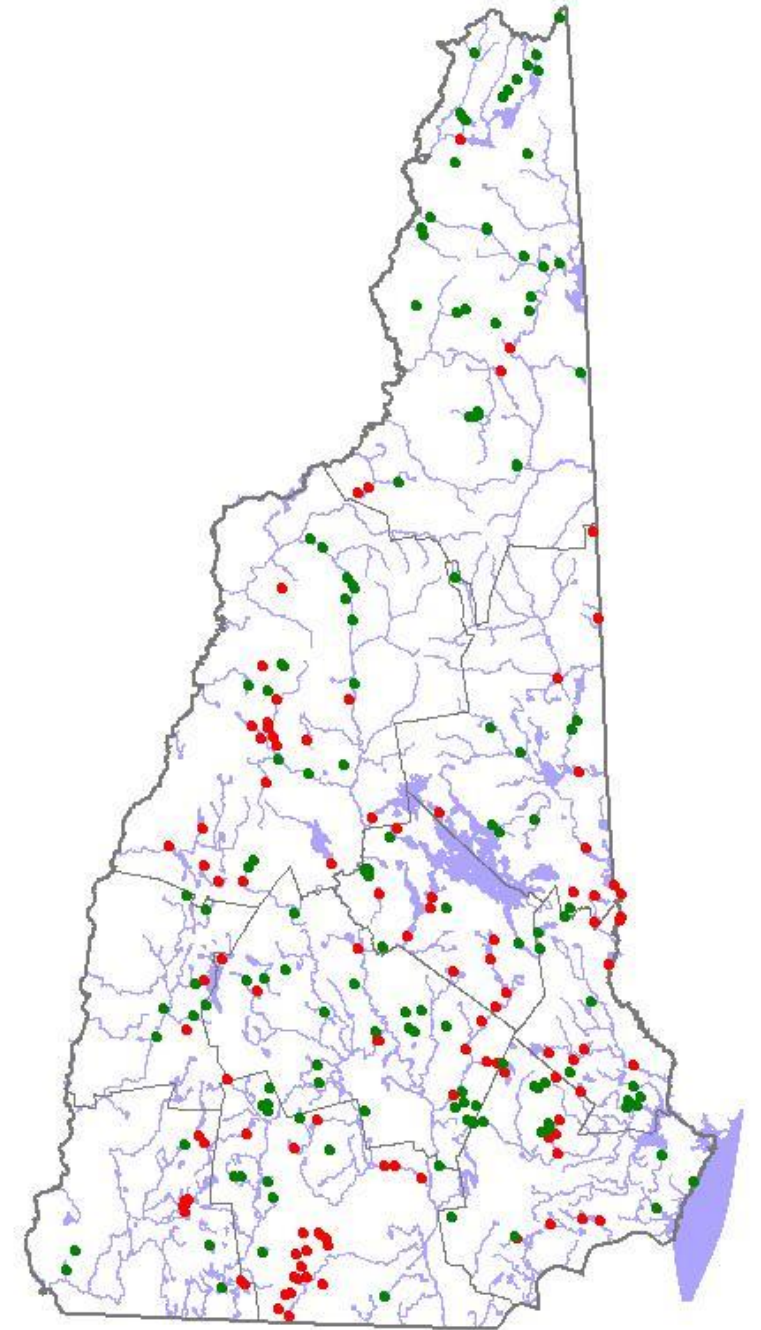
Funding Opportunities

- In 2022 the NHDES Dam Bureau received \$35 million in ARPA funding from the Governor's Office for Emergency Relief and Recovery (GOFERR) for dam rehabilitation in NH
- FEMA's High Hazard Potential Dam Program
- NOAA's Restoring Fish Passage through Barrier Removal Program
- NRCS grants for rehabilitation of 24 flood control dams in NH



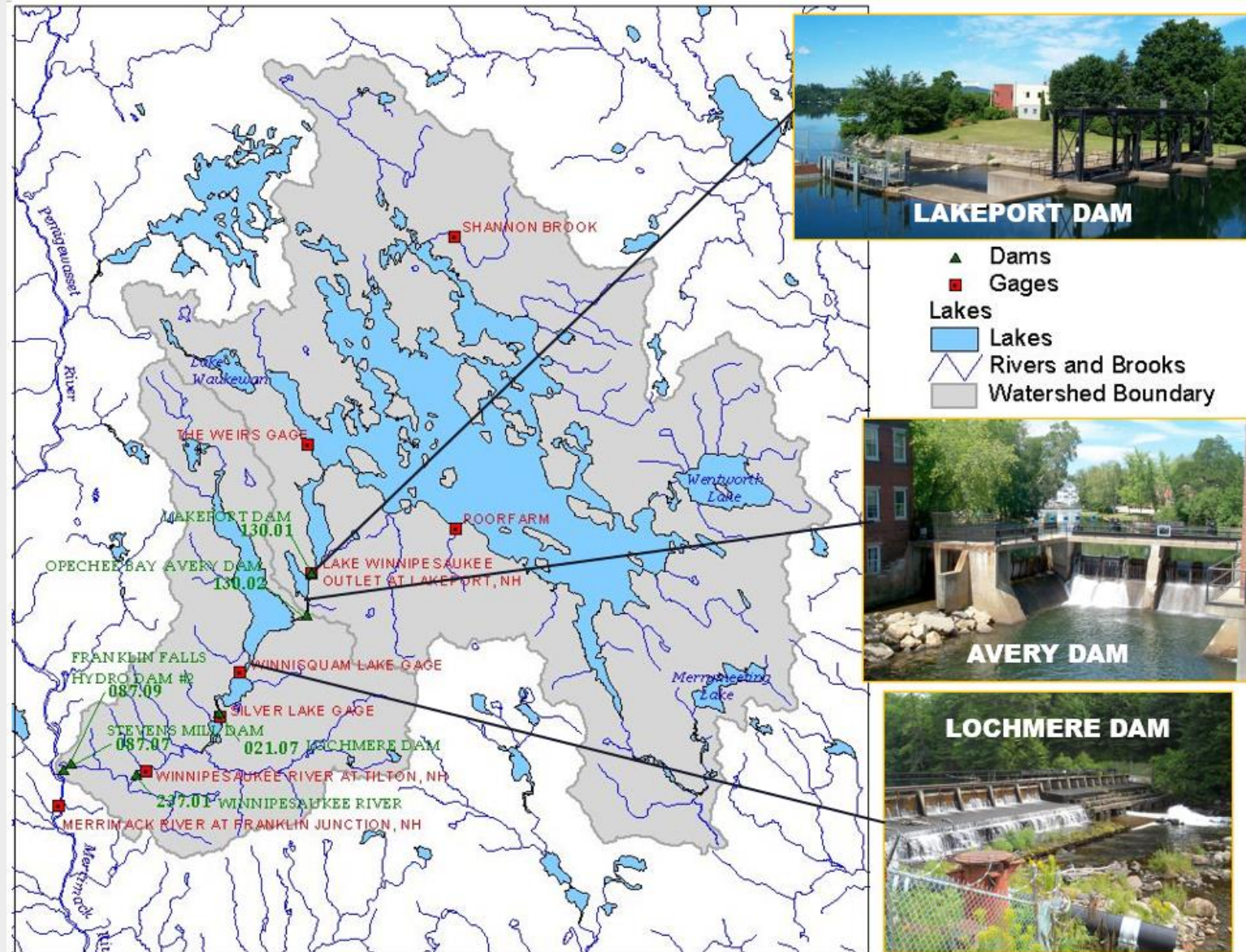
Asset Management

- Develop an asset management system to allow for better risk assessments to prioritize the 275 dams for rehabilitation and to generate future capital needs.
- Identify the dams that no longer meet their intended purpose and/or have no revenue source and develop options for the future of those facilities, including pursuing their removal or sale to interested parties.



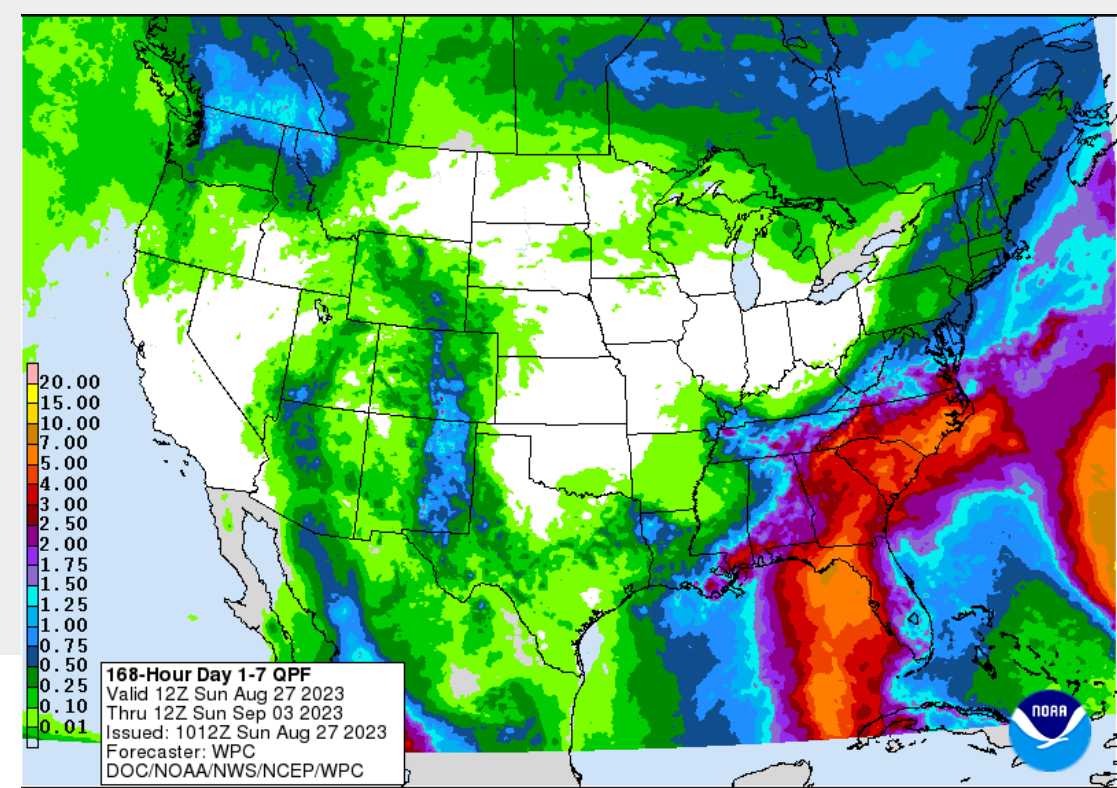
Basin wide approach

- Continue conducting hydrologic and hydraulic studies in NH watersheds to inform downstream planning, risk assessment, rehabilitation design, flood control and operations.
- Currently being done on the Merrymeeting, Suncook, Salmon Falls, and Winnepesaukee Rivers.

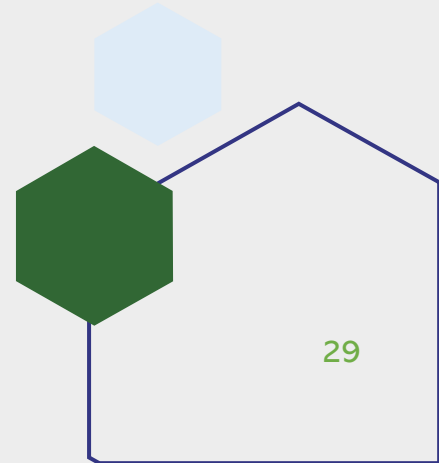
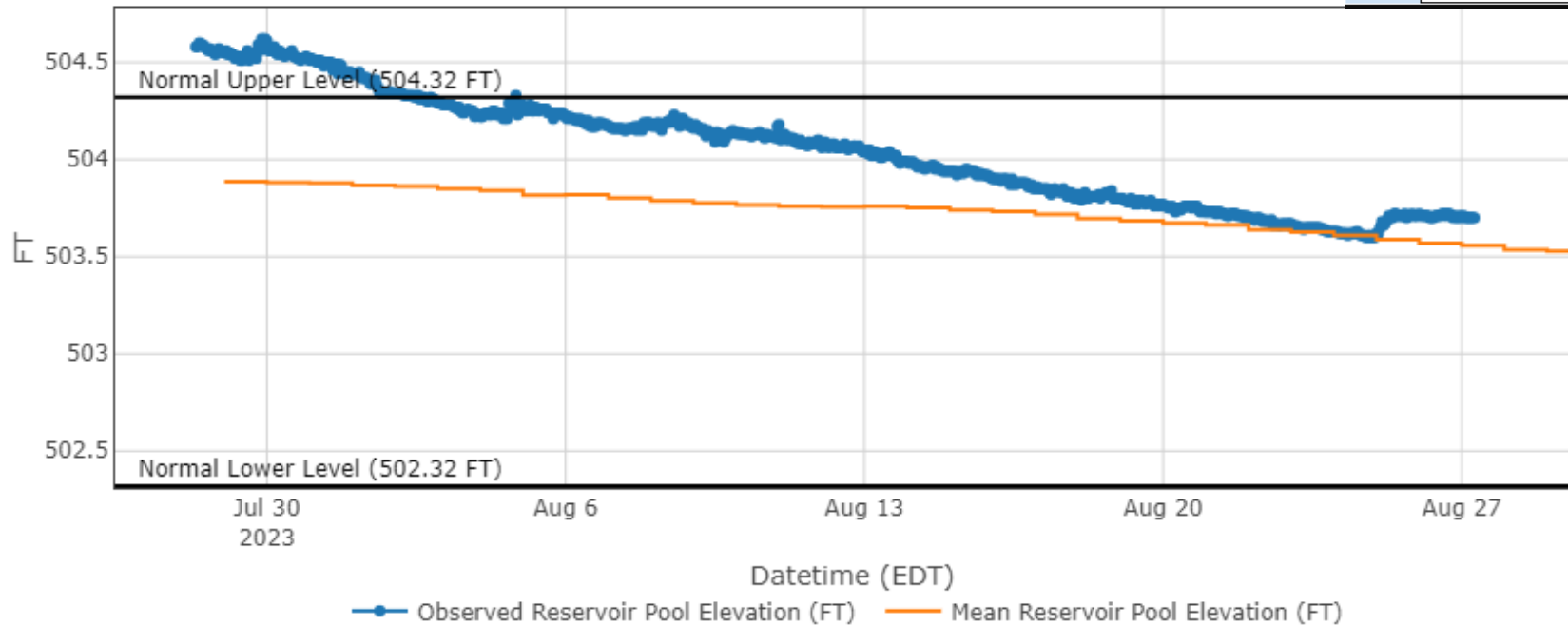


Improved Modeling

- Continue to improve the modeling of certain NH watersheds to provide the best possible management of dams and critical water resources using real time data.



Lake Winnepesaukee (WEIN3)



Improved Operations

- Continue installing remotely operated gates when appropriate.
- Currently remote operations can occur at Ossipee Lake, Newfound Lake, Milton Three Ponds and Mascoma Lake dams. Pending at Highland Lake and Island Pond dams.



Revising Administrative Rules

- Sections Env-Wr 100 through 900 of the NH Code of Administrative rules are the regulations by which dams in NH are regulated by NHDES.
- Rules are currently being reviewed and are being updated to match current design practices and data sources.



New Construction and Operations Facility

- During late 2022 the Dam Bureau Construction and Repair group along with the Operations and Maintenance group moved into a new 23,000 square foot facility on Silk Farm Road in Concord.



NHDES Dam Bureau

- Continue ensuring public safety around and downstream of all dams in New Hampshire
- Continue ensuring that State-owned dams are managed to protect the recreational and natural resources upstream and downstream of the dams
- Continue seeking new sources of revenue to ensure State-owned dams remain sustainable



Thank you

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